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INDIAN EXPRESS

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INDIA-UK FTA ON GI TAG

(Syllabus: GS Paper 2 – IR)

UK seeks higher protection for its GI products from agri sector under FTA with India

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
NEW DELHI, NOVEMBER 19

THE UK'S demand of a higher level of protection for its GI products from the agriculture sector under the proposed free trade agreement (FTA) with India remains an unresolved issue as the talks for the pact are on to iron out differences, an official said.

British GI (Geographical Indication) products include Scotch whisky, Stilton cheese and Cheddar cheese.

A GI is primarily an agricultural, natural or manufactured product (handicrafts and industrial goods) originating from a definite geographical territory. Typically, such a name conveys an assurance of quality and distinctiveness, which is essentially attributable to the place of its origin. Once a product gets this tag, any person or company cannot sell a similar item under that name.

India normally provides general protection for violation of GI rules, but the UK is seeking a higher level of protection, the official, who did not wish to be named, said.

"Negotiations are going on between the two countries. There are some issues pending in the intellectual property rights (IPRs) chapter," the official added.

According to experts, the Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) under the World Trade Organisation outlines an elevated level of protection for GIs.

Context: Recently, **the unresolved issue of the UK's demand for a higher level of protection for its GI products** from the agriculture sector under the **proposed free trade agreement (FTA) with India has gained attention** as talks for the pact continue to iron out differences.

Key Points

- **India normally provides general protection for violation of GI rules,** but the UK is seeking a higher level of protection.
- GI is an intellectual property right. On this subject, **under a free trade agreement, normally two countries include rules prescribed in the TRIPS** and do not go beyond that.
- **India has been advocating for extended protection to other products** beyond wines and spirits to prevent misuse of its labels like Basmati rice by other countries.
- The **famous Indian goods carrying GI tag include** Basmati rice, Darjeeling Tea, Chanderi Fabric, Mysore Silk, Kullu Shawl, Kangra Tea, Thanjavur Paintings, and Kashmir Walnut Wood Carving.
- **British GI products include** Scotch whisky, Stilton cheese and Cheddar cheese.

Geographical Indication (GI) Tag

- **About**: It is a symbol used on items that come from a particular geographical area and have qualities or a reputation linked to that place of origin.
- **Nodal Ministry**: Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry.
- **Tenure**: 10 Years
- **Regulated By**: Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration & Protection) Act, 1999.
- The **World Trade Organization's Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects** of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) also regulates Geographical Indications.
- **India's First GI Product**: Darjeeling Tea (2004-05)

THE HINDU

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INDIRA GANDHI PRIZE FOR PEACE

(Syllabus: GS Paper 2 – Governance)

IMA, nurses' association honoured with Indira Gandhi Peace Prize

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

The Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace, Disarmament and Development, 2022 was, on Sunday, jointly awarded to the Indian Medical Association and the Trained Nurses Association of India as representatives of the COVID-19 warriors in the country.

Former Vice-President Hamid Ansari presented the award to Sharad Kumar Agarwal, president, Indian Medical Association, and Roy K. George, president, Trained Nurses Association of India.

Congress leader Sonia Gandhi, who heads the Indira Gandhi Memorial Trust, said the award was for every doctor, nurse, paramedic and *karamchari* for their selfless service, unflinching dedication and perseverance.



Former Vice-President Hamid Ansari, Congress leader Sonia Gandhi, with Dr. Sharad Kumar Agarwal and Dr. Roy K. George. ANI

Ms. Gandhi said the award, instituted in the name of one of the most remarkable leaders of the 20th century, aims to honour women, men and institutions that have done exemplary work.

"The prize endeavours to promote the causes that Indiraji herself championed and worked for in her astonishing career," she said.

She added that the life of Indira Gandhi will stand out for her tremendous ability to fight against odds.

"Be it her political career where she challenged orthodoxy to introduce equity oriented, pro-poor policies; be it her fight to defeat hunger in an international environment that disliked self respecting sovereign states; be it her extraordinary work to quell divisive tendencies in India; be it her unparalleled role in the creation of a new nation to honour people's aspirations – she was a valiant crusader of people's causes," she said.

Context: The **Indian Medical Association** and the **Trained Nurses Association of India** were recently **jointly awarded the prestigious Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace**, Disarmament, and Development in 2022, recognizing their significant role as representatives of the COVID-19 warriors in the country.

Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace

- **About:** The prestigious award, known as the Indira Gandhi Peace Prize, is named after the former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi.
- **Annual Conferment**: Since 1986, it has been conferred annually by the Indira Gandhi Memorial Trust.
- **Recognition of Creative Efforts**: This prize also recognized as the Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace, Disarmament, and Development, is bestowed by the Indira Gandhi Memorial Trust to honor individuals or organizations.
- **Promotion of International Peace**: The award acknowledges endeavors that contribute to the **promotion of international peace, ensuring that scientific discoveries are utilized for the greater good of humanity**, and expanding the scope of freedom.
- **Prize**: Recipients of the Indira Gandhi Peace Prize are honored with a substantial **cash award of 2.5 million Indian rupees** along with a citation.
- **First Prize was Awarded**: Parliamentarians for Global Action in 1986.
- **The Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace 2021**: NGO Pratham.

PIB Nov 19

LOGISTICS PERFORMANCE INDEX

(Syllabus: GS Paper 3 – Economy)

11 Stakeholder Ministries/Departments meets on Measures Taken and Action Plan for Improving India's Logistics Performance Index (LPI) Ranking

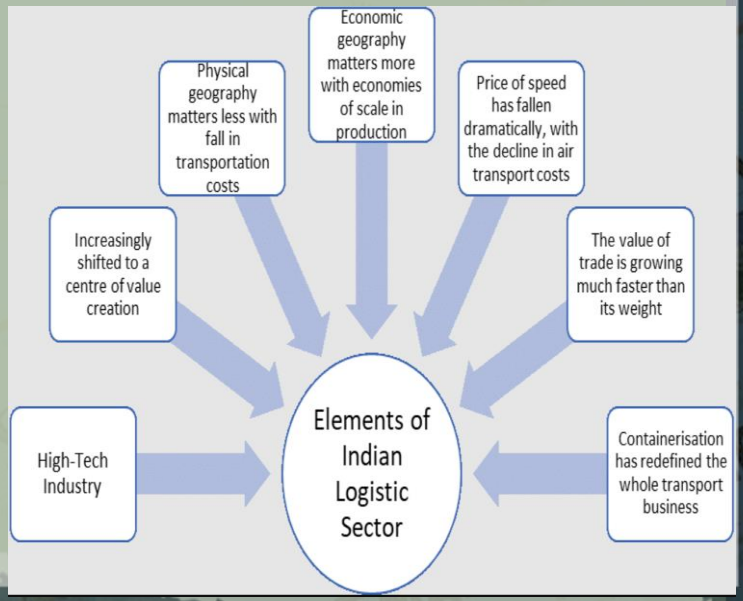
Context: Recently, **a crucial meeting was convened under the chairpersonship of Special Secretary (Logistics),** DPIIT, MoCI, focusing on Measures Taken and Action Plan to **enhance India's Logistics Performance Index (LPI) ranking**, bringing together nodal officers from the LPI dedicated cell established in eleven Stakeholder Ministries/Departments.

Logistics Performance Index (LPI)

- **About:** It is an interactive benchmarking tool that helps countries identify the challenges and opportunities they face in their performance on trade logistics.
- **Released by**: World Bank
- **LPI 2023 Total Countries**: 139
- **Parameters**: (i) Customs., (ii) Infrastructure (iii) Ease of arranging shipments (iv) Quality of logistics services (v) Tracking and Tracing, and (vi) Timeliness
- **India's Rank in 2023**: 38th by jumping 6 places in 2023.

India's Logistics Sector

- **Contribution to GDP**: 15%
- **Logistics Cost**: 13-14% of GDP (compared to 7-8% in developed countries).
- **Impact on Exports**: A 10% decrease in logistics cost can increase 5-8% of exports.
- **Sub-National level**: The Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT) has been conducting **LEADS (Logistics Ease Across Different States) study** since 2018 which helps to identify and resolve logistics inefficiencies and improve trade facilitation across supply chains.



DTE

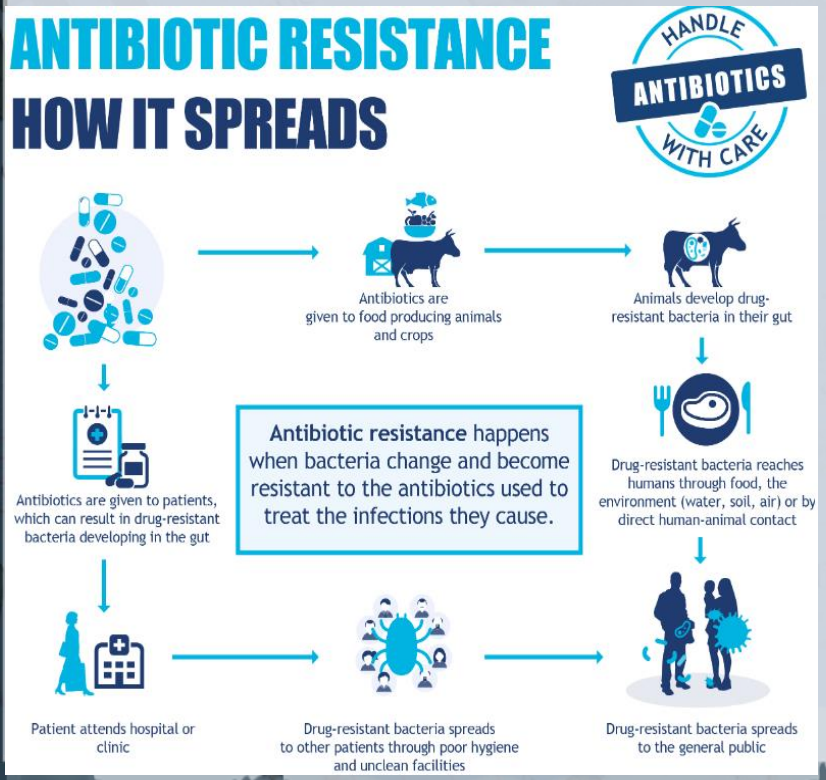
Nov 19

ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE

(Syllabus: GS Paper 3 – Sci & Tech - Diseases)

AMR Awareness Week: The link with climate change, water & why we need to incentivise measures against antimicrobial resistance

Context: Recently, the global community came together to observe the **World Antimicrobial Resistance Awareness Week**, which took place from November 18-24, 2023.



Antimicrobial Resistance

- **About**: It refers to the acquired resistance of microorganisms, such as bacteria, viruses, fungi, parasites etc., to the effectiveness of antimicrobial drugs utilized for infection treatment.
  - In this, microorganisms evolve over time, rendering them unresponsive to medications.
  - This, in turn, complicates the treatment of infections, elevates the likelihood of disease transmission, and raises the potential for severe illness and mortality.
- **Causes**: Injudicious use of antibiotic, self-medication, industry pollution, untreated disposal of sewage water bodies, etc.
- **Threat**: Antimicrobial resistance **(AMR) is ranked** as one of the **biggest global health threats**.

Global efforts against AMR: Global Action Plan on Antimicrobial Resistance (GAP), World Antimicrobial Awareness Week (WAAW), Global Antimicrobial Resistance and Use Surveillance System (GLASS) etc.

India's Efforts Against AMR

- **National Action Plan on Antimicrobial Resistance (2017-21) highlighted** the government's success in **promoting hand hygiene and sanitation through initiatives** like Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Kayakalp, and Swachh Swasth Sarvatra.
- The **2017 National Health Policy provided clear directives on antibiotic usage**, restricting over-the-counter access and curbing antibiotic use for livestock.
- **Red Line awareness campaign**: Urging people not to use medicines marked with a red vertical line, including antibiotics, without a doctor's prescription.

ECONOMIC TIMES

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PM MUDRA YOJANA

(Syllabus: GS Paper 2 – Government Scheme)

PM Mudra Scheme Gives Priority to Women Entrepreneurs: FM

Our Bureau

New Delhi: Union finance and corporate affairs minister Nirmala Sitharaman Sunday said women entrepreneurs are accorded priority under the Centre's flagship Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana that offers financial assistance to small entrepreneurs.

Distributing sanction letters to beneficiaries under the PM SVANidhi Se Samriddhi programme, which offers loans to street vendors, in Rameswaram, Sitharaman said officials of the municipalities should identify the uncovered street vendors and help them avail benefits of this scheme. SVANidhi Se Samriddhi is an additional component of the PMSVANidhi scheme to facilitate access to eight central government schemes to eligible PM SVANidhi beneficiaries and their family members for their holistic development and socioeconomic upliftment. Recalling the launch of Jan Dhan-Aadhaar-Mobile (JAM) Trinity, Sitharaman said under JAM Trinity, beneficiaries were provided Aadhar cards and they could open bank accounts under PM Jan Dhan Yojana, and financial aid from the government is being directly transferred to beneficiaries' accounts, thereby avoiding 'middlemen'.

The minister referred to former PM and late Rajiv Gandhi's comment that if the Centre gives away ₹100 to a beneficiary, he receives only ₹15 and the remaining ₹85 goes to "middlemen and others".

"He (Rajiv Gandhi) himself has mentioned this and after assuming office in 2014, in order to ensure that a beneficiary directly receives the financial assistance given to him by the Centre, PM Narendra Modi advised us to use technology so that the beneficiary is able to know whatever amount he has received directly, thereby middlemen can be avoided," she said. The opening of bank accounts to serve the beneficiary was conducted like a mass movement to attain full coverage of the scheme across the country, she added. On the Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana scheme, Sitharaman said it was introduced to provide loans through banks particularly to empower women entrepreneurs. "One important aspect of the scheme is that women who are running small businesses or interested in starting a business, can approach the bank and start their venture by receiving the loans from PM Mudra Yojana scheme," she said.

Through this scheme, if 100 people were beneficiaries, 60 of them would comprise women. Women were accorded top priority under the PM Mudra scheme



NIRMALA SITARAMAN, FINANCE MINISTER



Context: The Union Finance and Corporate Affairs Minister of India **recently emphasized that women entrepreneurs** are accorded first priority **under the Centre's flagship Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana scheme**, which offers financial assistance to beneficiaries.

Pradhan Mantras Mudra Yojana Scheme

- **About:** Initially, Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY) offers unsecured loans of up to 10 lakh to small/micro enterprises that are non-corporate and non-farm in nature.
- **Launched**: In 2015
- **Objective**: To encourage young people to become 1st generation entrepreneurs.
- **Eligible Banks for Loan**: Banks, NBFCs, Micro finance Institutions (MFIs) and financial intermediaries as notified by MUDRA Ltd.
- **Loan Instruments:**
- **Shishu**: covers loans up to Rs 50,000/-
- **Kishor**: covers loans above Rs 50,000/- and upto Rs. 5 lakh
- **Tarun:** covers loans above Rs 5 lakh and up to Rs 10 lakh

Achievements of PMMY

- The Mudra Scheme has generated eight crore new entrepreneurs.
- The scheme has effectively connected India's microfinance and banking sectors by extending loans to micro-entrepreneurs.
- Addressing the sub-culture of poverty, the PMMY has rapidly diminished its presence in a short span of time.

PIB

Nov 18

PGII
(Syllabus: GS Paper 2 – Internation Relations)

Shri Piyush Goyal participates in Partnership for Global Infrastructure and Investment (PGII) & Indo-Pacific Economic Framework for Prosperity (IPEF) Investors Forum

Context: The Union Minister for Commerce and Industry, Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution and Textiles **recently participated in the Investor Forum of the Partnership** for Global Infrastructure and Investment (PGII) & and Indo-Pacific Economic Framework for Prosperity (IPEF).

Partnership for Global Infrastructure Investment (PGII)

- **About**: It is a West-led initiative for funding infrastructure projects across the world, seen as a counter to China's Belt and Road Initiative (BRI).
- **Announced**: June 2021, during the G7 (or Group of Seven) summit in the UK. In 2022, during the G7 summit in Germany, the PGII was officially launched as a joint initiative to help fund infrastructure projects in developing countries through public and private investments.
- **G7 Countries**: Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the United Kingdom and the United States.
- **Aim:** To mobilise nearly $600 billion from the G7 by 2027 to invest in critical infrastructure that improves lives and delivers real gains for all of our people."

Indo-Pacific Economic Framework for Prosperity (IPEF)

- **History**: The Indo-Pacific Economic Framework (IPEF) was launched by United States (US) in Tokyo at the QUAD summit on May 23, 2022.
- **Aim**: The framework intends to "advance resilience, sustainability, inclusiveness, economic growth, fairness, and competitiveness" in these economies.

FINANCIAL EXPRESS

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E-BUS SEWA SCHEME

(Syllabus: GS Paper 2 – Government Scheme)

10 states, UTs to receive 3,600 e-buses under PM-eBus Sewa scheme

ROHIT VAID
New Delhi, November 19

STATES AND UNION territories such as Maharashtra, Gujarat, Bihar, and Jammu & Kashmir, among others, will be the first to receive electric buses under the PM-eBus Sewa scheme. Accordingly, the Centre has issued the first request for proposal (RFP) for procurement, supply, operation, and maintenance of 3,600 electric buses, and development of allied electric and civil infrastructure under scheme. The tender document issued by Convergence Energy Services Limited (CESL) has been reviewed by FE.

According to the document, the maximum number of cumulative buses that can be allotted to one bidder has been restricted to 2,520 units. The procured e-Buses will be deployed in over 45 cities. Notably, Maharashtra is set to receive 1,453 e-buses, followed by Gujarat at 425 and Bihar at 400. Besides, Odisha will get 350 buses, Punjab will receive 347 units, Jammu & Kashmir and Haryana will receive 200 each, followed by Chandigarh at 100.

Context: Recently, states and union territories such as Maharashtra, Gujarat, Bihar, and Jammu & Kashmir, among others, have been announced as the initial recipients of electric buses under the **PM-eBus Sewa scheme.**

PM-eBus Sewa Scheme

- **About:** Its goal is to improve efficiency in urban transportation and advocate for environmentally friendly practices.
- **Coverage**: The scheme will cover cities of Three lakh and above population as per census 2011 including all the Capital cities of Union Territories, North Eastern Region and Hill States.
- **Funding**: estimated cost of Rs.57,613 crore
- **The Scheme has two segments:**
  - **Segment A – Augmenting the City bus services: (169 cities)**
  - **Segment B– Green Urban Mobility Initiatives (GUMI): (181 cities)**
- **Other green components**: The scheme envisages green **initiatives like bus priority, infrastructure, multimodal interchange** facilities, NCMC-based Automated Fare Collection Systems, Charging infrastructure, etc.
- **Support for Operation**: Under the scheme, **States/Cities shall be responsible for running the bus** services and making payments to the bus operators.
  - The Central Government **will support these bus operations by providing subsidies** to the extent specified in the proposed scheme.

Steps towards E-Mobility in India

- Faster Adoption and Manufacturing of Electric Vehicles (FAME) scheme
- National Electric Mobility Mission Plan (NEMMP)
- National Mission on Transformative Mobility and Battery Storage
- Vehicle Scrappage Policy.

RARE EARTH MINERALS

(Syllabus: GS Paper 3 – Economy)

Research in rare earths mining to get grants

Subhash Narayan
subhash.narayan@livemint.com
NEW DELHI

The government will offer grants of ₹5 crore to startups and ₹10 crore to incubators in order to facilitate research and development in the mining of critical and rare earth minerals.

The grants will go into facilitating and supporting new technologies, especially those developed by small and medium enterprises.

The mines ministry will support innovation and research for a three-year period through public funds under new guidelines for promotion of research and innovation in startups and MSMEs (micro, small & medium enterprises) in mining, mineral processing, metallurgy and recycling.

This is expected to enable new age mining to adopt global best practices and employ innovative technologies developed in India.

Mint earlier reported about the government's plan to award and institute R&D projects for critical, rare earth and deep seated minerals such as lithium, nickel, tungsten to bring out sustainable solutions involving robotics, internet of things, artificial intelligence and machine learning.



The mines ministry will support innovation and research for a three-year period through public funds. BLOOMBERG

As per the new guidelines, startups showing capability, intent, and promise to produce functional prototypes or to "productize" existing technologies will be awarded grants of up to ₹2 crore strictly on a "milestone basis".

An additional grant of up to ₹10 cr would be given for setting up, strengthening incubation centres

Moreover, an additional grant of up to ₹10 crore would be given for setting up and strengthening incubation centres.

"One of the suggestions during the first Mining Startup Summit organised at IIT, Bombay in May this year was to explore the possibility of making a provision about funding the researches of the startups in the incubation centres at IITs/NITs and other technical institutions relevant to mining and metal industry through R&D funds of the ministry of mines.

Accordingly, these guidelines are being issued for funding startups or a consortium of startups under the science and technology programme of the ministry of mines that are working in areas that are critical for the growth of mining and metal industry," said a government official privy to the development.

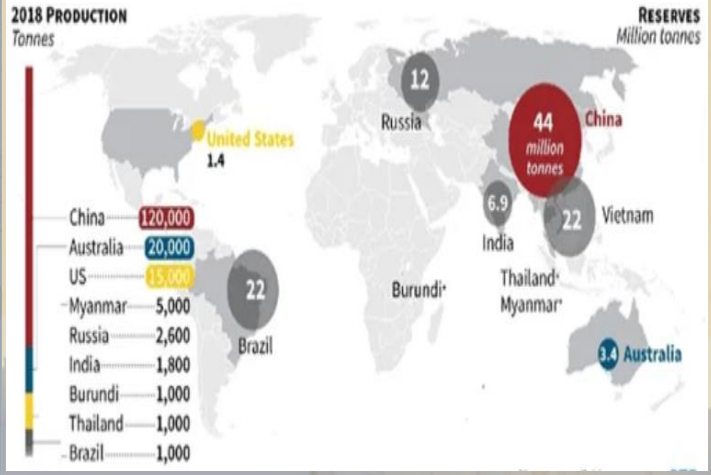
Queries sent to ministry of mines remained unanswered at press time.

The grant scheme has been instituted to plug a wide gap in financial support for technology-driven startups in the initial phase. The aim idea to fund potential startups with promising ideas, innovations and technologies.

This is expected to enable some of these startups to graduate to a level where they will be able to raise investments from angel and venture capitalist or reach a position to seek loans from commercial banks financial institutions.

The proposed seed support disbursed to startups is positioned to act as a bridge between development and commercialization of innovative technologies, products, services in the mining sector, the official quoted earlier said.

Rare earth metals production and reserves



Context: Recently, the **Indian government announced its initiative to spur innovation** in the mining sector by offering grants of ₹5 crore to startups and ₹10 crore to incubators, aiming **to boost research and development** in the extraction of **critical and rare earth minerals.**

Rare Earth Minerals

- **About:** Rare earth elements or metals comprise a group of 17 chemical elements in the periodic table.
  - These **elements include the 15 lanthanides, along with scandium and yttrium**, which are often found in the same ore deposits as the lanthanides and share similar chemical properties.
- **Reserves and Production:** China is the leading contributor to rare earth production, followed by Brazil and Vietnam (18% each) and Russia (15%).
- **India's Scenario**: India has 6% of the world's rare earth reserves. It only produces 1% of global output
- **Classification of REEs:** Light RE elements (LREE) and heavy RE elements (HREE).

Significance of Rare Earth Minerals

- Essential minerals such as **Cobalt, Nickel, and Lithium are necessary for the production of batteries** used in electric vehicles.
- **India, with its ambitious plan** to transition a significant portion of its **transportation to electric,** will have an increased demand for these minerals.
- **Cerium, utilized for glass polishing, and lanthanum**, employed in **car catalysts or optical lenses,** represent traditional applications of these minerals.

ALL INDIA RADIO

Nov 19

SEA BUCKTHORN

(Syllabus: GS Paper 3 – Economy/Environment)

Ladakh secures 4th GI tag for Sea Buckthorn



Context: Recently, the **Government of India officially granted** the Geographical Indication **(GI) tag to 'Ladakh Sea Buckthorn**,' following the recognition of GI tags for Apricot (Raktsey Karpo), Pashmina, and Ladakhi Wood Carving in the region.

Other Geographical Indication (GI) Tags from Ladakh

- Pashmina,
- Apricot (Raktse Carpo species) and
- Ladakhi wood carvings.

Sea Buckthorn

- **About:** Hippophae is the genus of sea buckthorns, **deciduous shrubs** in the family **Elaeagnaceae.**
- **Globally Distribution**: Sea buckthorn (Hippophae rhamnoides) is a plant widely distributed throughout Europe and Asia.
- **India**: Himalayan region, specifically in dry areas like the cold deserts of Ladakh and Spiti.
- **Characteristics**: The plant produces small orange or yellow berries that are sour in taste but are particularly rich in vitamins, especially vitamin C.
  - Sea buckthorn can endure **extreme temperatures ranging from minus 43 degrees Celsius to 40 degrees Celsius**, showcasing its resilience to harsh conditions, making it an ideal plant for cold deserts.
- **Uses**: Leaves of sea buckthorn **provide protein-rich fodder for animals** like sheep, goats, donkeys, cattle, and double-humped camels in cold desert regions.
- The **berries of sea buckthorn** serve as a crucial **food source for various bird species,** especially in times when alternative food sources are scarce.
- Due to its versatile applications and ecological significance, sea buckthorn is **popularly known as the 'Wonder Plant,' 'Ladakh Gold,' 'Golden Bush,' or 'Gold Mine' of cold deserts.**

THE WIRE Nov 19

GTC INDEX

(Syllabus: GS Paper 2 – Social Issues – Education & Skill)

India Slides Sharply on Global Talent Competitiveness Index, Worst Among the BRICS Group

Context: The **Global Talent Competitiveness Index** has seen India fall sharply down from rank **83 ten years ago to rank 103 in its latest report** out earlier this month.

Global Talent Competitiveness Index (GTCI)

- **About:** The report is a comprehensive annual benchmarking report that measures how countries and cities grow, attract and retain talent.
  - It **provides a unique resource for decision makers** to understand the global talent competitiveness picture and develop strategies to boost their economies.
- **Launched in**: 2013.
- **Countries**: 134 countries.
- **Published By**: INSEAD
- **Two Sub-Indices**: Input and output. The input measures regulatory and business environments, as well as steps being taken to foster talent and retain it. The output side evaluates the quality of talent.

Highlights of GTCI 2023

- **Top three positions**: Singapore, Switzerland, and the United States.
- **Among the BRICS countries**: India is ranked 103, marking the lowest position within the group. China leads the BRICS nations at rank 40, followed by Russia at 52, South Africa at 68, and Brazil at 69.
- **Others**: The report highlights positive advancements in the index among other emerging nations, specifically noting improvements in China, Indonesia, and Mexico.

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